## (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:55:18 ON 09 JUN 2006)

- FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 10:55:25 ON 09 JUN 2006
- L1 243201 S MASS SPECTRO? OR ICPMS
- L2 11880 S L1 AND(SPIKE OR SPIKING OR INTERNAL STANDARD OR ISOTOP?(2A) DILUT?)
- L3 1405 S L2 AND (ELECTROSPRAY OR ELECTRO SPRAY OR API OR ATMOSPHER? PRESSUR? IONI?)
- L4 34 S L2 AND (FERMENT? OR (PLATE OR PLATING OR ETCH?) (5A) (TANK OR BATH OR VESSEL OR CONTAINER))
- L5 936 S L2 AND (COMPOSITION OR CONCENTRATION OR PROCESS? OR QUALITY) (3A) (CONTROL? OR MONITOR? OR DETECTOR OR DETECTION OR MEASUR? OR SENSOR)
- L6 144 S L5 AND (ICP OR ICPMS OR INDUCTI? COUPL? PLASM?)
- L7 101 S L4, L6 NOT PY>2001
- L8 1 S L4, L6 AND PATENT/DT AND PY<2004
- L9 102 S L7-8
- => d bib, ab 19 1-102
- L9 ANSWER 72 OF 102 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 124:277114 CA
- TI Determination of Li by isotope dilution inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry
- AU Park, Chang J.; Chung, Bag S.
- CS Korea Research Institute Standards and Science, Taejon, 305-600, S. Korea
- SO Analytical Science & Technology (1995), 8(4), 427-34
- AΒ Inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry combined with the isotope diln. method was used for the detn. of Li. The isotope diln. method is based on the addn. of a known amt. of enriched isotope (spike) to a sample. The analyte concn. was obtained by measuring the altered isotope ratio. The spike soln. is calibrated through so called reverse isotope diln. with a primary std. The spike calibration is an important step to minimize error in the detd. concn. It was found essential to add spike to a sample and the primary std. so that the two isotope ratios should be as close as possible. Since Li is neither corrosive nor toxic, Li was used as a chem. tracer in the nuclear power plants to measure feedwater flow rate. 99.9% 7Li was injected into a feedwater line of an exptl. system and sample were taken downstream to be spiked with 95% 6Li for the isotope diln. measurements. Effects of uncertainties in the spike enrichment and isotope ratio measurement error at various spike-to-sample ratios are presented together with the flow rate measurement results in comparison with a vortex flow meter.